

Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.



"Growth is essential for firms that want to respond to a changing marketplace and maintain their competitive edge, with external funding helping enable this expansion of operations. However, lenders can find it difficult to prove affordability for credit without a significant trading history, driving a trend for new businesses to shun mainstream lending and seek finance from alternative lenders."

This report looks at the following areas:

This report will explore the following key issues regarding commercial borrowing in the UK:

- What are the key determinants driving commercial borrowing?
- Have there been any structural changes in the market as a consequence of the financial crisis?
- Has regulation restricted industry development?
- Can alternative lenders make a significant impact? Or are mainstream lenders on the verge of a recovery?
- What does the future hold for commercial borrowing?

Definition

Commercial borrowing is a term used to describe a funding arrangement that a business can set up with a financial institution, which enables them to fund capital expenditures or other operations they otherwise would be unable to afford.

Commercial lending includes commercial property (real estate) mortgages, loans used to purchase buildings, equipment lending, loans secured by accounts receivable, and loans intended for expansion and other corporate purposes.

The following three sectors best highlight the development of the commercial borrowing industry and are also quantified in this report

- Commercial property (real estate) finance
- SME finance
- Alternative finance

Lending is defined by the Bank of England as "loans and advances (including overdrafts and claims made under sale and repurchase agreements) and finance leases granted to non-financial businesses, in all currencies".

Data on gross flows of lending - meaning flows of new lending to and repayments of lending by businesses - are defined with respect to loans excluding overdrafts. Overdrafts are excluded from the definition of gross lending flows because the concept is difficult to define sensibly for credit products with short-term revolving characteristics.

Gross flows of lending and repayments, and thus net lending, exclude the effects of write-offs, revaluation effects, and loan transfers.

BUY THIS REPORT NOW

VISIT: store.mintel.com

CALL:EMEA
+44 (0) 20 7606 4533

Brazil 0800 095 9094

Americas +1 (312) 943 5250

China +86 (21) 6032 7300

APAC +61 (0) 2 8284 8100

EMAIL: reports@mintel.com

DID YOU KNOW?

This report is part of a series of reports, produced to provide you with a more holistic view of this market



Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.

For non-financial businesses, amounts outstanding of loans (excluding overdrafts) and overdrafts are measured exclusive of accruing interest payable.

Gross lending and repayment flows are measured after the application of any interest charges to loan accounts. This means, for example, that gross lending data includes the application of any 'capitalised interest' and repayments data is measured after the deduction of any interest charged to the account.

Other terms used in this report include:

Accounts receivable - money owed by customers to another entity, which has not yet been paid for. Receivables tend to come in the form of operating lines of credit and are usually due within a short time period.

Asset-based finance - a method of providing structured working capital and term loans that are secured by accounts receivable, inventory, machinery, equipment and/or property.

Bad debt - a debt that is not collectible and is effectively worthless to the creditor. This tends to occur after all attempts have been made to collect on the debt, and is usually a product of the debtor going into bankruptcy or where the additional cost of pursuing the debt outweighs the amount the creditor would collect

Commercial credit - a pre-approved amount of money issued by a bank, or other lender, to a company that can be accessed by the borrowing company at any time to help meet various financial obligations.

Crowdfunding - a way of raising finance by asking a large number of people or business owners for a small amount of money. Debt crowdfunding involves investors receiving their money back with interest (also known as peer-to-peer lending). Equity crowdfunding involves investing in an opportunity in exchange for shares or a small stake in the business, project or venture.

Effective interest rate - the weighted average of all interest rates across each type of deposit or loan account held by all clients in an economic sector.

Hire purchase - a system in which a company pays for an item or service in regular instalments, while having the use of the specified item or service.

Insolvency - when a business can no longer meet its financial obligations with a lender or lenders as debts become due.

Invoice trading - the process in which companies, particularly SMEs, auction their invoices online as a way to gain quick access to money that would otherwise be tied up.

Liquidation - when a business or firm is terminated or made bankrupt, its assets are sold and the proceeds pay creditors.

Loan write-offs - after a period of time, as dictated by regulations, has passed for banks or other lending institutions to collect 'bad debt', the institution must 'write-off' the loan and expect the debt to remain unpaid.

M4 lending - sterling lending by MFIs to the M4 private sector, including advances, acceptances, reverse repos, investments, and holdings of short-term paper.

Monetary financial institutions (MFIs) loans to non-financial businesses (NFBs) - lending in all currencies to all UK non-financial businesses classified to non-financial industry sectors.

(Net) Rate of return - the gain or loss on a loan over a specified period, expressed as a percentage increase over the initial loan amount.

Non-financial corporations - corporations that produce goods and services for the market and do not deal in financial assets and liabilities as a primary activity.

Peer-to-peer business lending - a method of debt financing that enables companies to borrow and lend money without the use of an official financial institution as an intermediary.

Syndicated loan - a loan offered by a syndicate of lenders, who work together to provide finance for a borrower. The loan may involve fixed amounts, a credit line, or a combination of the two. Interest rates can be fixed for the term of the loan or floating - based on a benchmark rate, such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR).

All values quoted in this report are at current values unless otherwise specified.



Americas +1 (312) 943 5250 | China +86 (21) 6032 7300



Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.

Table of Contents

Executive Summary

Market size

Figure 1: UK MFIs' net loans to non-financial businesses, Q3 2015 - Q3 2017, by size of business

Figure 2: UK total loan amounts outstanding to MFIs from non-financial businesses, July 2017, by industrial sector

Market trends

Market factors

Brexit could lead to significant lending changes

Business investment levels fall while profitability stagnates in the private sector

Highest number of inward and domestic M&A deals since 2012 with the low value of the pound attracting investors

Industry structure

Forecast

Gross lending expected to rise as businesses react to uncertainty and possible further interest rate rises

Figure 3: Forecast UK MFIs' gross lending to non-financial businesses, 2018-22

Alternative market growth to be driven by P2P

Figure 4: Forecast UK alternative lending market, by funding type, 2018-22

Total value of outstanding debt set to rise alongside short-term market uncertainty

What we think

Key Insights

Can technology help improve finance accessibility?

How will 'open banking' change the current lending model?

Introduction

Definitions

Methodology

Abbreviations

Market positioning

UK Economy

Key points

Overview

Figure 5: Forecast GDP development 2017-21

Figure 6: UK GDP quarterly development, 2007-17

Inflation

Interest rates

House prices

Figure 7: UK house price changes, 2006-17

Consumer spending

Manufacturing



VISIT: store.mintel.com

CALL: EMEA +44 (0) 20 7606 4533 | Brazil 0800 095 9094 Americas +1 (312) 943 5250 | China +86 (21) 6032 7300



Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.

Figure 8: UK manufacturing, 2014-17

Business investment

Figure 9: UK GFCF, 2007-17

Imports

Exports

Market Factors

Key points

Annual GDP growth rises in 2016, but challenges await

Figure 10: GDP growth rate, Q1 2013- Q2 2017

Figure 11: GDP growth rate, Q1 2013 - Q2 2017

Brexit could lead to significant lending changes

Increase in company insolvencies highlights the current difficult business environment and a possible lack of suitable finance...

Figure 12: Company insolvencies in England and Wales, 2012-16

... although commercial property transactions continue to rise

Figure 13: Number of non-residential property transactions, 2012-16

Figure 14: Number of non-residential property transactions, 2012-16

Business investment levels fall while profitability stagnates in the private sector

Figure 15: UK PNFCs net rate of return, Q1 2012 - Q1 2017

Figure 16: UK PNFCs net rate of return, Q1 2012 - Q1 2017

Figure 17: UK total business investment, 2012-16

Figure 18: UK total business investment, 2012-16

Highest number of inward and domestic M&A deals since 2012, with the low value of the pound attracting investors

Figure 19: Mergers and acquisitions of UK companies, 2012-16

Nearly half of SMEs have never checked their credit score

Government schemes

British Business Bank

Business Finance Support Finder

Enterprise Finance Guarantee

Figure 20: EFG Lending, by number and value of loans offered and by number and value of loans drawn, 2009-17*

The National Loan Guarantee Scheme

Funding for Lending Scheme

BoE Stress Test

Market Size

Key points

Net lending has remained positive in 2017 to date...

Figure 21: UK MFIs' net loans to non-financial businesses, Q3 2015 - Q3 2017, by size of business

Figure 22: UK MFIs' net loans to non-financial businesses, Q3 2015 - Q3 2017, by size of business

... with outstanding loan amounts remaining on an upwards course

Figure 23: UK total loan amounts outstanding to MFIs from non-financial businesses, October 2015 - September 2017, by size of business

BUY THIS REPORT NOW

VISIT: store.mintel.com

CALL: EMEA +44 (0) 20 7606 4533 | Brazil 0800 095 9094 Americas +1 (312) 943 5250 | China +86 (21) 6032 7300



Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.

Figure 24: M4 loan amounts outstanding from PNFCs, October 2015 - September 2017

Figure 25: M4 loan amounts outstanding from PNFCs, October 2015 - September 2017

Market segmentation

Figure 26: UK total loan amounts outstanding to MFIs from non-financial businesses, July 2017, by industrial sector

Figure 27: UK total loan amounts outstanding to MFIs from non-financial businesses, July 2017, by industrial sector

Further segmentation

Alternative finance

Peer-to-peer lending and crowdfunding

Funding Circle accounts for most lending in the P2P business area

Figure 28: P2P business lending volume and market share, by lender, 2017*

Figure 29: P2P business lending volume, by lender, 2017*

Crowdcube continues to lead crowdfunding market, albeit with only five major competitors

Figure 30: Crowdfunding volume and market share, by lender, 2017*

Figure 31: Crowdfunding lending volume, by lender, 2017*

Accountants could help drive further growth in P2P lending

Bridging finance

Figure 32: UK bridging loans market value, in aggregated loan balances, 2013-17

Commercial property (real estate) finance

Yields stabilise following weak end to 2016

Debt falls again following first rise in seven years in 2015

Figure 33: Aggregated value of outstanding debt in loan books secured on UK commercial property, 2012-16

Figure 34: Aggregated volume of outstanding debt in loan book secured on UK commercial property, 2012-16

Loan originations fall as uncertainties derail previous momentum

Figure 35: Gross value of annual loan originations, 2012-16

UK banks and building societies' share of new loan originations rises to four-year high

Figure 36: Gross value of loan originations, by allocation, 2012-16

Figure 37: Gross value of loan originations secured on UK commercial property, 2016, by allocation

SME finance

SME funding gap

Improvements still needed to improve alternative finance accessibility

London and the South East account for a third of SME lending in Britain

Figure 38: SME turnover and lending, by region, at Q2 2017

Figure 39: SME lending, by region, at Q2 2017

SMEs most in need of finance for working capital and cash flow

Figure 40: SME lending, by reason, 2016

Value of SME loan balances has declined since 2013

Figure 41: Value of SME loan balances, by region, 2013-17*

Figure 42: Value of SME loan balances, by region, 2014-16

Loan comparison tool launched to help SMEs obtain the best deal



VISIT: store.mintel.com

CALL: EMEA +44 (0) 20 7606 4533 | Brazil 0800 095 9094

Americas +1 (312) 943 5250 | China +86 (21) 6032 7300



Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.

Market Trends

Key points

Business confidence influences borrowing demand, but latest index figures continue to cast doubt

Figure 43: Business confidence index, per half-year, 2007-17

Figure 44: Business confidence index, per half-year, 2007-17

Write offs on loans to non-financial companies fall to seven-year low in 2016, with 2017 set to further decline

Figure 45: Write offs of loans to PNFCs from banks and building societies, 2012-17*

Credit demand and availability fell in 2016, with similar signs shown in 2017

Figure 46: Availability of corporate credit to PNFCs in the last three months, Q4 2011 - Q3 2017, by business size

Figure 47: Availability of corporate credit to PNFCs in the last three months, Q4 2011 - Q3 2017, by business size

Figure 48: Demand for corporate credit by PNFCs in the last three months, Q4 2011 - Q3 2017, by business size

Figure 49: Demand for corporate credit to PNFCs in the last three months, Q4 2011 - Q3 2017, by business size

Commercial lending rates continue recent downward trend

Figure 50: Average interest rate for UK MFI new advances to PNFCs, at September in 2013-17

Figure 51: Average interest rate for UK MFI new advances to PNFCs, at September 2013-17

Funding for Lending scheme expected to end in January 2018

Industry Structure

Key points

Industry development

Higher number of challenger banks enter the market, but still yet to offer significant threat to the dominant banking groups

The number of banks and building societies has remained fairly constant since 2013

Figure 52: Number of banks and building societies operating in the UK, 2013-17

Figure 53: Number of banks and building societies operating in the UK, 2013-17

Banks pushing towards more mobile business banking as branch closures continue

Company Profiles

Aldermore Bank

Figure 54: Financial analysis of Aldermore Bank plc, 2012-16

Company strategy

Barclays Pic

Figure 55: Financial analysis of Barclays plc, 2012-16

Company strategy

Clydesdale Bank plc

Figure 56: Financial analysis of Clydesdale Bank plc, 2013-17

Company strategy

Funding Circle

Figure 57: Financial analysis of Funding Circle, 2012-16

Company strategy

BUY THIS REPORT NOW **VISIT:** store.mintel.com

CALL: EMEA +44 (0) 20 7606 4533 | Brazil 0800 095 9094 Americas +1 (312) 943 5250 | China +86 (21) 6032 7300

APAC +61 (0) 2 8284 8100

EMAIL: reports@mintel.com



Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.

HSBC Bank plc

Figure 58: Financial analysis of HSBC Bank, 2012-16

Company strategy

Lloyds Banking Group

Figure 59: Financial analysis of Lloyds Banking Group, 2012-16

Company strategy

RBS Group

Figure 60: Financial analysis of RBS Group, 2012-16

Company strategy

Santander UK

Figure 61: Financial analysis of Santander UK plc, 2012-16

Company strategy

Shawbrook Bank

Figure 62: Financial analysis of Shawbrook, 2012-16

Company strategy

Figure 63: Profiled companies' combined turnover, 2012-16

Forecast

Key points

Ongoing developments in Brexit negotiations will impact market development

Traditional (mainstream) lenders

$Gross\ lending\ is\ expected\ to\ rise\ as\ businesses\ react\ to\ uncertainty\ and\ possible\ further\ interest\ rate\ rises$

Figure 64: Forecast UK MFIs' net loans to non-financial businesses, 2018-22

Figure 65: Forecast UK MFIs' net loans to non-financial businesses, 2018-22

Loan write-offs anticipated to rise from 2020

Figure 66: Write offs of loans to PNFCs from banks and building societies, 2018-22

SME finance

Alternative finance

Alternative market growth to be driven by P2P

Figure 67: Forecast UK alternative lending market, by funding type, 2018-22

Figure 68: Forecast UK alternative lending market, by funding type, 2018-22

Commercial property (real estate) finance

Slow growth expected in the commercial mortgage lending sector

Figure 69: Forecast gross value of annual loan originations, 2017-21

Figure 70: Forecast gross value of annual loan originations, 2017-21

Total value of outstanding debt set to rise alongside short-term market uncertainty

 $Figure \ 71: Forecast \ value \ of \ outstanding \ debt \ in \ loan \ books \ secured \ on \ UK \ commercial \ property, \ 2017-21$

Figure 72: Forecast value of outstanding debt in loan books secured on UK commercial property, 2017-21

BUY THIS REPORT NOW

VISIT: store.mintel.com

CALL: EMEA +44 (0) 20 7606 4533 | Brazil 0800 095 9094 Americas +1 (312) 943 5250 | China +86 (21) 6032 7300



Report Price: £995.00 | \$1321.06 | €1134.00

The above prices are correct at the time of publication, but are subject to change due to currency fluctuations.

Further Sources and Contacts

Trade associations

British Private Equity & Venture Capital Association

Loan Market Association

National Association of Commercial Finance Brokers

UK Finance

Trade magazines

Bridging & Commercial

Commercial Property Monthly

Credit Strategy

The Banker

Trade exhibitions

Business Funding Show

NACFB Commercial Finance Expo 2018

Credit Summit 2018